

SENATOR BLACKBURN

Gives Out a Statement in Response to the Governor's Vicious Reply to the Recent Washington Interview.

THE WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT SAYS SENATOR BLACKBURN SENT FOR HIM AND AUTHORIZED STATEMENT.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 18.—United States Senator Jo. C. S. Blackburn, today gave out a statement in response to the attack of Governor J. C. W. Beckham, who found provocation in an alleged interview with the Senator sent out from Washington to the Louisville Times. The full text of the statement follows:

BLACKBURN TURNS ON BECKHAM

"I have only to say that I had never heard of either interview, mine or his, until I reached Lexington on Tuesday morning on my way to Frankfort. I confess to be a little surprised that the Governor should have been so prompt in accepting a disjointed and loosely put together interview credited to me for the authenticity of which he seemed to have no assurance.

"As stated before, I have not yet seen the interview attributed to me and published in the Louisville Times last Saturday. All that I have seen of it was what purports to be an excerpt published in the Courier Journal of Monday morning, and that was handed me since my arrival in Frankfort.

"Had the Governor taken the trouble to have inquired, I would have assured him that the notes had never been submitted to me nor did I know that any publication of a talk that I had with the Washington representative of the Louisville Times in Washington on last Saturday afternoon had ever been printed or published at all. I could also have assured him that in that conversation with the representative of the Louisville Times I did not say that I had a contempt for him or his conduct of party affairs.

"Had the young gentleman been less impulsive, and more anxious to ascertain the facts, he could probably have found that there was no necessity for such an exhibition of bad temper. I am not disposed to scold about this, realizing, as I do, that just at this time that he has reasons for being supersensitive.

DID THE BEST HE COULD.

"There are some statements contained in his carefully prepared outburst that caused me surprise, even coming from a source from which we ought to be prepared for anything. He seems to put a very low estimate upon the value of the speeches that I made all over Kentucky in support of his candidacy in 1900 and 1903. In this he may be correct; no man is a good judge of his own speech, and mine may have been so poor as to do him and the rest of the ticket more harm than good; but the intention was good, and he ought to be generous enough to remember that he was at the head of the ticket and a man did not have the full measure of inspiration when making his appeals for such a client.

"However, I think the people of Kentucky now know that in both his races for Governor I made as

many speeches on behalf of the ticket as any other Democrat in the State, and I insist that I ought to be given credit for the strain that was put upon conscience.

CALHOUN WAR CLAIM GRAS.

"I am sorry, not for my sake, but for his sake, that he alluded to the collection of the Kentucky war claims, and sought by inuendo and insinuation to make it appear that I tried to get the contract for collecting that claim, either for myself or my law partner and nephew. This was an unfortunate blunder for the Governor to make. I never had a law office in Washington while a member of either House of Congress in my life. During the four years that I was out of the Senate, viz., from the 4th of March, 1897, to the 4th of March, 1901, I thought it not inappropriate to engage in the practice of law by which to earn a living. My nephew, James W. Blackburn, Jr., a lawyer in Washington City, was my partner during those four years. Since my re-entry into the Senate, in March, 1901, I have had no law partner nor law office nor been in any wise connected with any law firm in Washington City or elsewhere.

"The Governor says he has a letter either from my nephew or myself, seeking to get the collection of that claim. My nephew never wrote him a letter upon that or any other subject, I never have heard of it, but I did write him a letter in which I told him that the time had then come for Kentucky to collect that war claim. I presume this is the first that he ever knew about Kentucky having such a claim. In that letter I advised him to employ some one to represent the State and send him on there, and I named the party that I thought he had best employ. It certainly was not myself, it surely was not my nephew and former law partner. It was a man of no kin to me, Mr. John B. Thompson, of Harrodsburg, who had been in Washington for a number of years in charge of the important interests of the Kentucky distilleries, and I thought better qualified for what work was to be done in the collection of Kentucky's war claim than any man I knew.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLAR FEE END?

"I did not tell the Governor in that letter what fee I thought should be paid to Kentucky's representative, but I told Mr. Thompson that I was going to advise the Governor to employ him, and I further told him that in the event of his employment that he ought to receive a fee of \$5,000.

"This effort upon his part to tribute to me any wish or purpose to secure a fee for this collection of this claim is absolutely and utterly false, and must have been known to him to be false, because of my letter which he had received and answered, and in his answer he thanked me for the information

that I had given him as to the status of claim, expressing regret that he could not employ Mr. Thompson for the reason that he had selected another man, whose name, however, he failed to furnish me.

"Perhaps if he had asked his appointed agent, Mr. Calhoun, a most excellent and worthy gentleman, would have been told that so far from my doing nothing in aiding the State to secure that money, that Mr. Calhoun reported to me immediately upon his arrival in Washington and told me his business and that he relied upon me as a member of the Senate to put that item into the Sundry Civil General Appropriation bill. I doubt not that Mr. Calhoun would have told him further that he came to me once or twice every day, asking me to hold up the general appropriation bill after it had been reported to the Senate until he could get the claim certified from the Treasury Department so that it might be included in the bill.

"Mr. Calhoun would have doubtless have told him that I carried out every request that he made and finally put into the bill the provision which brought the money to the State.

"I don't say that the Governor knew these facts when he gave out these false statements; I only say that if he knew what he was talking about he must have known them, as he surely could have obtained them from his agent, Mr. Calhoun."

WAKEFIELD'S STATEMENT.

In reply to a telegram from the editor of the Times, Mr. John D. Wakefield, the Washington correspondent of the Times, wired the following:

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18, '05.
Editor Times, Louisville, Ky.
Just received your telegram. Senator Blackburn sent for me and authorized statement from him made in Times of Saturday last. He declined to write it or dictate it, as I earnestly requested him to do, but I made notes so as to get it as nearly verbatim as possible. Interview as published in Times is not as strong as he gave it by any means, and I asked him sentence by sentence if he meant it for publication. In giving the interview he said: "It is the first I have authorized in twenty years, and I want these things published." The interview was not of my seeking. Several gentlemen of position here after reading interview told me he made identically the same statement to them.

JOHN D. WAKEFIELD.

Children Poisoned.

Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrups containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung trouble, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates or other poisons. Sold by W. S. Lloyd. 25¢

Popular Remedy—"Say colonel, what do you take for the malaria down here?" "Whiskey and quinine, sub." "Well, suppose the remedy fails?" "Then I stop the quinine, sub." —Chicago Daily News.

Pneumonia and La Grippe.

Coughs cured quickly by Foley's Honey and Tar. Refuse substitutes. For sale by W. S. Lloyd.

BRITTON ON TRIAL.

Opening Statement of Mr. Byrd Contains Sensational Allegations.

We clip the following from the Lexington Leader of January 18:

The case against Will Britton for the murder of James Cockrill in Jackson, promises to be most interesting.

When Court convened Wednesday morning the trial began.

There is a brilliant array of legal talent on both sides.

A. Floyd Byrd made the opening statement for the Commonwealth and was followed by O. H. Pollard, who made the statement of the defendant's case. Associated with Mr. Byrd are Col. John R. Allen and C. J. Bronson, of this city and B. A. Jouett, of Winchester. C. W. Miller and Judge James Mulligan are associated with Mr. Pollard for the defense.

BYRD'S STATEMENT.

The opening statement for the Commonwealth was made by Attorney A. Floyd Byrd, who had done so much to rid Breathitt county of assassins.

We expect to prove that this defendant, Curtis Jett, James Hargis, Alex Hargis, Elbert Hargis, Ed Callahan and others entered into a conspiracy to procure the death of James Cockrill and that as a result of this conspiracy James Cockrill was shot from a window of the Court House at Jackson, from which wound he later died in this city.

Mr. Byrd then explained the law under which Britton was indicted in Fayette county, where Cockrill died, and not in Breathitt county,

COAL, HAY, CORN AND OATS.

Before buying Coal or Feed Co.

Indian Creek Coal & Feed Co.
Who are prepared to quote Lowest Prices
in car lots or small quantities.

W. P. OLDHAM, Manager.
'Phone 747.

where the fatal wound was inflicted.

The proof will show that Cockrill arrived in Jackson about 11 o'clock in the morning of the day upon which he was assassinated. He had been away from Jackson and had come back to get his trunk and make his home elsewhere. The day Cockrill arrived Britton was at the home of Elbert Hargis, and that Elbert Hargis went there for Britton and he and Britton left together and went to Jackson. About ten minutes before the murder Elbert Hargis, Curtis Jett, and Will Britton were seen going up the rear steps leading to the upper story of the Court House. Britton was seen to leave the Court House and go to the Hargis Brothers' store and then return to the Court House. He was not seen to leave the Court House until after the shooting.

Witnesses will testify, said he, that at least three rifles were extending from the windows of the Court House and were fired in the direction of Cockrill, who fell at the second volley. Riley Collier will say that he saw Curtis Jett and Will Britton at the windows in the Court House at the time Cockrill was killed, and from which the fatal shot were fired. Others

will testify that immediately after the shooting Jett and Britton were seen at the front door of the Court House and that Jett had a pistol in his hand, and it will be proved that at this time Jim Hargis was seen at a window over his store and had a gun in his hands. The proof will also show, he declared, that Jamee Hargis and Alex Hargis furnished money for the defense of Curtis Jett and are also assisting Britton in his defense in the present trial.

SAYS BRITTON ADMITTED IT.

Mr. Byrd said that the Commonwealth would prove that Britton had, since the murder, acknowledged to many people that he was connected with the conspiracy to kill Cockrill, and that after the conviction of Curtis Jett for this crime Britton was heard to say: "If the truth were known I pulled the trigger which fired one of the shots which killed Cockrill."

POLLARD'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Byrd was followed by Attorney O. H. Pollard for the defense. He said he was astounded at the remarkable statement made by the prominent attorney for the Commonwealth and that he regretted he had risked his reputation upon a statement made which contained nothing but a "lot of rot."

"Many of the things Mr. Byrd said he would prove," said Mr. Pollard, "are incompetent and will not be permitted to be proved by the court. Of the sixty witnesses who are summoned by the Commonwealth, not more than twenty will testify, and these will not say one word tending to convict the defendant of this crime. Nearly all of them are liars and purifiers and are here to attempt to swear away the life of Will Britton.

Mr. Pollard referred to the investigation of this case by the Breathitt county grand jury, and that no indictment was found against Britton. He charged that Mr. Byrd mysteriously came to Lexington with a number of witnesses and "fooled" a Fayette county grand jury into finding an indictment against Britton. The proof in the case will show that at the time of the shooting Britton was in the office of the Master Commissioner in the Court House and had been in that office for some time before the shooting.

Four Plans Submitted by Engineer Wallace for Construction of Panama Canal

John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, has submitted the results of his investigations regarding the engineering task necessary in the construction of the canal. Four plans are submitted, the first for the construction of a high level canal with the surface of the water ninety feet above sea level; the second in a summit level of sixty feet above sea level; the third, a twenty or thirty-foot level above the sea, and the fourth, a sea level with a tidal lock.

It is pointed out that while a sea-level canal would be less expensive to operate and time would be saved in passing through it, its cost would be \$300,000,000 and it would not be open for traffic under fifteen years, and not completed under twenty years.

A Life At Stake

If you but knew the splendid merit of Foley's Honey and Tar you would never be without it. A dose or two will prevent an attack of pneumonia or a gripe. It may save your life. For sale by Wm. S. Lloyd. 25¢

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil Monarch. 25¢

EDITORIALLY Equal Rights—Our Civilization Demands the Enfranchisement of Women.

Rev. Rainford, New York, gives reasons why women should receive the ballot. He says:

"One of the results of our civilization is that legislation is entering on spheres which are peculiarly women's. Once upon a time legislation chafed but with protection of property. Now we legislate about homes, sanitary questions, education, relations to labor and capital, licensing questions, the drink trade, etc., all moral questions that in the most intimate way affect the home as well as the outside interests of life, and questions on which woman is not only a judge but decidedly the best judge. It is most unreasonable and unfair in these questions where experience is vital, and all her tenderest interests are immediately affected, that influence should be confined to an indirect influence, and her vote, if recorded at all, only recorded through pressure on her husband or her sons."

"Life has a way of outgrowing law in this world; and when it does, law must fit herself to life. We legislate on a hundred things our fathers never dreamed of legislating on.

"Today the life of our women has grown wider, and led them up to this point where they come asking the suffrage, and neither common sense nor the interests of the nation will permit its being refused to them.

"Political and political science must soon be seen as they are—a living and enabling effort to carry into the life of mankind principles of highest morality, and so to raise and keep aloft men's lives, as well as to defend men's pocket.

"In bringing about this better view and better day, I am very sure the morality and idealism of American womanhood must find its place. And so, for my part, I have done and will do what in me lies to win for the womanhood of our nation a voice in its fateful counsels."

For Sale.—One of the most beautiful, commodious, convenient suburban homes about Mt. Sterling. House is new and modern in construction, containing 8 rooms, reception hall 14x18 feet, upper hall same size, and lower and upper back hall 9x16 feet, and back room 6x10 feet, and two stairways, front and back, large verandas, front and side, and large back porch and one of the best cedarals in the county 14x18' feet. Fine exterior in yard, and also a fine barn. Also wash house, smoke house, poultry house, barn, and other out houses, all new. Fine orchard of apples, pears, plums, peaches, grapes, cherries, etc., with 8 acres of fine land. 19¢

BOURBON COUNTY ITEMS.

Rev. Carey Morgan continues ill at Paris.

Rev. J. S. Sweeney, Post Master at Paris, will be succeeded by Mr. Earlywine.

Jas. McClure, Paris, and Thos. Sparks Lair, have been appointed administrators of J. G. Craddock.

Stop It.

A neglected cough or cold may lead to serious bronchial or lung troubles. Don't take chances when Foley's Honey and Tar affords perfect security from serious effects of a cold. Sold by W. S. Lloyd. 25¢

No students can have board or room outside the Heres College building except by permission. Such permission is given only to those who wish to live with families which have family worship.

Advocate Publishing Company

Wednesday, January 25, 1905.

Entered in the Postoffice at Mt. Sterling as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00
If not paid within 60 days Month, \$1.50

TERMS OF ANNOUNCEMENT:

For County Offices \$5.00
For District Offices \$10.00Each mast accompany order. No an-
nouncement inserted until paid for.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

We are authorized to announce

C. R. ETON.

of the County of Clark, a candidate for State
Senator, and a member of the committee of
Reform, Clark and Montgomery, subject to
the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

CHARLES SWIFT.

of the County of Clark, a candidate for State
Senator, and a member of the committee of
Reform, Clark and Montgomery, subject to
the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

HOS. R. P. THOMSON.

of Clark and a candidate for State Senator,
and a member of the committee of Clark, Bourbon and
Montgomery, subject to the action of the
Democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Representative—6th District,
G. WILL CLAY
of Montgomery.County Judge,
A. H. HAZLELEGG.County Attorney,
CLARENCE F. THOMAS.County Clerk,
JOHN F. KING.Sheriff,
CLIFFTON R. PREWITT.Assessor,
G. A. MCGOWIN.Jailer,
CHARLES T. WILSON.Superintendent of Schools,
M. J. GOODWIN.Clerk,
GEORGE C. EASTIN.Magistrate—6th District,
W. T. D. STRICK.Magistrate—6th District,
J. W. HENRY.Magistrate—6th District,
C. L. DEAN.Magistrate—6th District,
J. H. SHULTZ.Magistrate—6th District,
J. H. PERRY.Constable—6th District,
ALBERT REED.Constable—6th District,
R. E. STODDARD.Constable—6th District,
H. KEMBLE.Constable—6th District,
J. H. PERRY.Constable—6th District,
M. B. COOK.Constable—6th District,
V. M. BOYD.Constable—6th District,
D. S. STULLAN.Constable—6th District,
T. B. ROEDMAN.Constable—6th District,
J. W. WADE.Constable—6th District,
M. J. GOODWIN.Constable—6th District,
W. L. LAMBERT.

WHAT A MESS.

Senator Blackburn denied in the main the purported Washington interview and with keen razoo went out after the scalp of the Governor; but before the echoes of his denunciations had hardly ceased a statement from that reporter who still liveth, informed the people that 'our Joe' sought that interview, that every word in it was the Senators and more too, and to this the Reporter, Wakefield, signed his name. Since when 'our Joe' speaketh not.

TOBACCO.

The prospect of success in establishing the Burley Tobacco Grower's Association has evidently caused the buyers for the Continental and other firms to pay big prices for tobacco—much more than they otherwise would have paid. Of course the tobacco trust will discourage the farmers pledging their crops to the Association. Some farmers have sold their crops of tobacco at five prices and these sales are used to discourage the Association. The indications are that success will crown the efforts of the Association.

The grand jury has caused alarm and consternation to some of the boys and they may have to move or be subjected to the trap snooters court penalty. Something is going to be done.

ADVERTISING IN MAGA-
ZINES.

Printer's Ink has made an approximate table of the advertising receipts of the November number of the leading American magazines, based upon the space used and the known inflexible rates of all these publications. The figures are worth studying by men in business who wonder whether it pays to advertise, and are reprinted herewith:

Ladies' Home Journal	\$135,000.00
McClure's Magazine	77,000.00
McNamee's	70,982.95
Everybody's	70,000.00
McCall's	45,000.00
Woman's Home Companion	43,965.00
Compton's	39,000.00
Harper's Monthly	37,822.00
Success	36,410.12
Review of Reviews	32,200.00
Life	27,000.00
Ladies' World	26,000.00
Metropolitan	25,000.00
Pearson's	15,000.00
Good Housekeeping	15,000.00
Grand	14,850.00
Booklover's	14,163.63
Amazette	13,000.00
Smart Set	12,300.00
Harper's Bazaar	11,955.00
Argosy	11,555.00
World's Work	10,662.55
New Era	9,813.00
Red Book	9,800.00
Country Life	9,877.00
Ouline	6,200.00
Lippincott's	4,621.44
World Today	4,300.00
Atlantic Monthly	Total—33—1,005,587.43

Men do wonder at the enormity of the advertising business, and it is marvelous when we consider the enormity of expense created by advertising with the above 33 papers and that they represent only a very small part of the amount of business that go out through advertising avenues. It has made business men to stagger as they have entered into the question, "does it pay to advertise?" This question they have settled by a comparison with the actual experiences of men in business and it now appears that men and concerns that would do a rushing business must advertise. It is a part of the real business. It can not be avoided. It is a profession and he who would get most out of the money investigated in this way must know how to advertise and keep up with the new and changing methods.

In our last issue we gave Governor Beckham's response to an interview in Washington reported as coming from Senator Blackburn. In this issue on first page we give Senator Blackburn's reply and also a statement from the reporter. Our readers may decide for themselves concerning the merits of the interviews. So far as we are concerned we truly regret that men in such exalted positions have been guilty of such thoughts and sentiments as are expressed. We are also impressed with the importance of men knowing whereof they speak before they rush into print. The Governor has replied to the Senator's answer. We think it wise to let the matter drop.

If the promoters of the Mt. Sterling Short Line are not mistaken we can have that road by another strong and hard pull.

Can't the people make good the deficit by a light increase all around. Ten per cent, added to the already generous subscriptions would be sufficient. The people mostly interested are those who have the rights of way and yet they fail to see their interests when they observe a possible damage to their land. If they would be generous they would be wise.

If a suitable building and shop can be had there are prospects of locating a carriage manufacturer and repair shops that would give employment to a number of wood and iron workmen, painters, trimmers, etc. Where are the shops?

A Lexington woman apparently well raised and of good family would have pawned her false teeth for money enough to purchase morphine to satisfy her cravings. Against this and other slaving drugs more legislation is needed.

PETITION
to CZAR
BY RUSSIAN
WORKMEN.

Sire—We ask for protection.

We are poor, persecuted, burdened with labor beyond our strength.

We are treated not as men, but as slaves, who ought to bear their cruel fate in silence.

Uninstructed, stifled by destitution and injustice, plunged deeper in the mire, we are perishing.

We have arrived at the extreme limit of endurance.

Death is preferred to a continuation of our intolerable sufferings.

We have informed our employers that we will not resume our work until our demands are granted.

We only ask for means of livelihood, without which life is a burden.

Our masters have refused to investigate our case, and we have been denied the right to put forward our claim, as we are not recognized by law.

Any who dared raise his voice for the working people has been thrown into prison or transported.

Kindness and good feeling have been treated as a crime.

The bureaucracy has brought the country to the verge of ruin. Russia is being lured to its downfall.

We do not know for whom or why this money is being taken from an impoverished people or for what or why it is expended.

It were better that we workers perish with us Russia.

We plead with you for salvation.

"Refuse not your aid.

"Rescue us from intolerable officialdom.

"Free thy people.

"Restore to us the happiness wrenched from us.

"National representation is indispensable.

"Order a convocation of representatives of all classes, including workingmen.

"Let all be free and equal in the elections.

"Permit the election of an assembly by means of general secret ballot.

"That is our chief demand.

"It is the sole balm for our wounds.

"Should you refuse these demands we will die in the square before your palace.

"Only two paths are open to us—toward liberty or toward the grave."

• • •

Robert B. Crooks sold to American Leaf Tobacco Co. through Mr. Hale, 11,400 pounds of tobacco from his Flat Creek farm at 11c per pound and finished delivering it Tuesday.

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First to
Cut Prices.

Last Week at Cut Prices

OUR GREAT RED LETTER CLEARANCE SALE

We believe that every nation, every individual, and every business must have right and honesty for its guiding star to be successful.

Who is so rich that he cares not for the opinions of others? We share the confidence of the buying public and cherish it to the point of a religion.

which has proved a grand success will close at midnight on Saturday, January 28th. Hundreds of wise buyers have taken advantage of this opportunity to clothe themselves at little prices. When we tell you we are going to cut, we do it, and on the staple standard brands in our line and on our regular stock, not stuff that is bought to sell at cut price sales. The people have learned this; they have learned other things about WALSH BROTHERS' way of doing business, and our calls to the public have always met with overwhelming success because they are honest, and we thank you.

Take advantage of the few last days of this sale—it's a chance not to be cast aside. Nothing Charged. Nothing sent out of the store without the money.

Men's Suits and

Overcoats.

8.00 Suits cut to.....	3 48
6.50 Suits cut to.....	4 98
10.00 Suits cut to.....	6 98
12.50 Suits cut to.....	8 40
15.00 Suits cut to.....	9 98
18.00 Suits cut to.....	12 40
20.00 Suits cut to.....	14 90
22.50 Suits cut to.....	16 90
25.00 Suits cut to.....	19 48

Men's Shoes.

Shoes.

1.50 Shoes cut to.....	98
2.00 Shoes cut to.....	1 48
3.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes.....	2 24
3.50 Shoes cut to.....	2 48
3.50 Eclipse Shoes cut to	2 48
5.00 J & M & Clappshoes	3 74
6.00 Shoes cut to.....	4 48

Furnishings.

15c Collars cut to.....	5c
10c Sox cut to.....	5c
15c Sox cut to.....	9c
25c Sox cut to.....	18c
50c Sox cut to.....	38c
50c Suspenders cut to.....	18c
50c Handkerchiefs cut to.....	5c
15c Handkerchiefs cut to.....	5c
25c Handkerchiefs cut to.....	18c
50c Handkerchiefs cut to.....	38c
25c Ties cut to.....	17c
50c Ties cut to.....	38c
\$1.00 Ties cut to.....	74c
1.50 Ties cut to.....	88c

Hats.

\$1.00 Hats cut to.....	\$ 74
1.50 Hats cut to.....	98
2.00 Hats cut to.....	1 48
3.00 Hats cut to.....	2 24
4.00 Hats cut to.....	2 74
5.00 Hats cut to.....	3 50

Underwear.

Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers worth \$ 25	25
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers, \$1 00 ones	74
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers \$1 50 ones	1 12
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers \$2 00 ones	1 48
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers \$2 50 ones	1 98
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers \$3 00 ones	2 24
Ex. Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers \$4 00 ones	2 48

Shirts.

\$ 50 Princely Shirts.	\$ 25
1.00 Eclipse Shirts cut to	74
1.50 Manhattan Shirts at	98
2.00 Manhattan Shirts at	1 48
2.50 Manhattan Shirts at	1 74

WALSH BROTHERS'

Corner of Main and Maysville Streets.

Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

Concerning Woman's Ability, and Work and Wages Received.

We clip the following from an editorial in the Morning Herald, Lexington, January 7th:

"Some weeks ago we published an editorial calling attention to the fact that the United States Government paid equal salaries to men and women who did similar work, and recommended that example to private corporations and citizens. It were well that both the States and cities follow the example of the Federal Government in this particular at least and we hope the day is not far distant when the efficient, faithful, industrious woman who earns her daily bread by her daily labor will receive the simple justice of having her wage reckoned by her services instead of by her sex. It was but a short while ago we believed that women should not work in competition with men—believe in the old-time prejudice that women must be shielded from all contact with the rougher side of every day affairs. Those women whom we know best and love most with more sense than we, went on and took their places in the ranks of the world's workers—look it not as a favor, not as a privilege, but as a right won by force of brain, and character and labor. Thank God they have helped educate us—the strain and stress of life has helped to make us realize the injustice we men did to women who, by the compelling force of intellect that will not be satisfied with the polite accomplishments nor with parlor tricks alone, or by the necessity of

earning their own living, or through their desire to eat the sweet bread of independence, go out to earn their own way in competition with their brothers."

"They are entitled to justice, are entitled to have salaries paid them that will not only enable them to live, but to provide for the future. The teachers in the public schools of Lexington are fully equal to the average member of the bar, to the average of those who compose the medical profession, to the average preacher, to the average business man. And yet the limit those teachers who are devoting their lives to training the future doctors and lawyers and preachers and merchants can hope to earn is six hundred and fifty dollars a year—they have about one chance in ten of earning that much."

Twice defeated in an effort to obtain \$50,000 damages from the Chicago City Railway Company on a personal injury claim, Miss Inga Hanson on trial in Chicago, charged with having committed perjury in her attempt to collect the money. More than a year ago the defendant swore in court that she suffered a paralysis, blindness and deafness as a result of a street car accident. Now she is accused by the prosecution of having shammed her afflictions, and of being a party to a conspiracy to defraud the street railway company.

You will feel better if you satisfy your own conscience rather than cater to the whims of others.

FACTS and OBSERVATIONS

OF A POLITICAL NATURE.

Our inexperience in political affairs may subject us to the criticism of the initiated, or expose us to their ridicule or contempt. We have heard it said that **EVERYTHING IS FAIR IN POLITICS**. This may be true if "politics is hell," if politics is synonymous with force, arbitrary rule, dishonesty, theft, deceit, misrepresentation and fraud.

We may be regarded as an "innocent abroad" for claiming that the political affairs of a country, state or nation should be founded on principles of peace, equity, justice, purity, righteousness—with some consideration for the rights of men and the sovereignty of God. That differences of opinion, misunderstanding, and strife have resulted in the settlement of political questions and in the working of the machinery are facts of history—ancient and modern—which we cannot deny, however much we may regret them. Let our conceptions of manhood be such that we shall be found admiring the beautiful, seeking the true, just, practicing the good, cherishing those principles which are the

foundation stones upon which is to be built a national structure, which is beautiful, glorious, enduring, a cherished refuge for the oppressed and downtrodden of those lands where "might is right," and God is not revered.

We do not claim that our State, our beloved Kentucky, is a sinner, more than all, but we do say that during the past few years the Democratic and Republican parties have been guilty of deeds which have been to our dishonor and humiliation and debasement.

Are we justified in cherishing the hope that from our darkness will come light, from our weakness will come strength, from our shame will come honor? Yes, if each community will look well to its own affairs, if each man will be honest towards his fellow men and mind-mission and debasement.

Briefly and imperfectly expressed these are some of our conceptions of citizenship.

For Rent—190 acres, at Howards Mill; 40 to 60 acres for corn; 30 for grazing; 85 for meadow; 5 good dwellings; never failing water for stock and family use. Terms: Cash or negotiable note. Dr. N. T. Clark, Olympia, Ky.

34 mi.

For a Six-Year Term

Senator Bailey has submitted to the Senate a proposed amendment to the constitution fixing the term of the President at six years, and making him ineligible for re-election.

PRINTING.

Not Cheap Printing, But
Printing Cheap, Dollars

Considered, is Our Forte

ADVOCATE.



CORRESPONDENCE.

RUCKERVILLE.

Herbert Hedin sold his crop of tobacco consisting of 7,500 pounds at 8c.

Rev. White has moved to the place vacated by L. C. Pigg.

James Abner lost a cow by eating tobacco.

Mrs. Mahalia Burton and Miss Liza Harris visited Mrs. Alice Hedin Thursday.

Lou Ramey's house was burned Thursday night with all the contents, and also his meat house with no insurance. Loss \$2,000.

The social given by Orville Brandenbush Thursday evening was a grand success.

Rev. Charles Brookshire preached at Allensville Saturday and Sunday.

Buyers are offering 6 cts for lambs for 1st of June delivery.

John Bartlett has rented the widow Coon place on Four mile, containing 50 acres, for \$250.

Stripping tobacco is the order of the day.

Herbert Hedin bought a 2-year-old horse for \$62.50 of Charley Hampton.

Buck Todd sold his farm of 187 acres to Milt Cookwright for \$8,000.

Milt Cookwright sold his farm of 100 acres to J. E. Lanter for \$3,000.

Todd Bro's sold their stock of merchandise to Mr. Bruce, of Madison county.

L. C. Pigg is moving to the Berryman place on the Ecton pike.

Dillard McKinney has sold his farm on Duncan's Branch to his son, Ben, of Estill county, for \$2,000.

Hubert Gragg and J. H. Raney made a business trip to Richmond Monday.

S. S. Witt and wife and Mrs. Farris and children visited Dillard McKinney and wife Monday.

STOOPS.

A. S. Bridges is slowly recovering.

Mrs. D. L. Goodan visited Mrs. Sam Deal near Judy one day last week.

Ernest Chastine, of Leaven, Iowa, is visiting relatives here.

W. T. Pigg and tenants, Fitch and Cooper, sold their tobacco to H. H. H. 104 and 11c.

Mrs. Sam R. McClellan, of Spring Hill, has been quite sick.

Joe Clark, who has been seriously ill, is better.

Tobacco stripping will be finished about February 1st.

M. O. Cockrell bought a bunch of sheaves from Tom Warner for \$4.50 per hundred.

Robert Warner and sister, Miss Lou, of near White Sulphur, visited their brother, Tom Warner, near here last week.

Miss Sarah Lee Foley visited relatives at Flat Creek Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Ann Gorrell, of Owingsville, will move to her farm near here March 1st.

There is a great demand for cattle shoots here.

CALL

at Chick's coal yard for best Virginia, Kentucky and Cannel coal. Also best clover mixed and Timo-thy hay and corn. 27-4t.

F. A. Lyon, Jr., of Beattyville, Ky., has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the Legislature from this, the 93 legislative district.

Piano Tuning

AND

Repairing.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

M. H. FIBOMER,
25 E. Main St., Lexington, Ky.

Telephone 1112.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
MT. STERLING
NATIONAL BANK

At Mt. Sterling, in the State of Kentucky, on the 14th day of January, 1905.

RESOURCES.—

Loans and Investments—

Overdrafts, securities and unsecured U. S. Bonds to amount of

14,344.95

U. S. Bonds to amount of

6,000.00

Banking houses, furniture and fixtures

Due to other National Banks

Agents and other expenses

Due to State Banks and Bankers

From approved reserve agents

Checks and other items

Franklin paper currency, nickels

Legal Money Reserve in Bank, etc.

Local and other notes

Revolving Fund with U. S. Treasury

5 per cent of circulation

Total

LIABILITIES.—

Capital stock paid in

Capital stock, less expenses and taxes paid

Capital stock notes outstanding

Due to other National Banks

Due to approved reserve agents

Due to State Banks and Bankers

Bill payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed

14,000.00

Total

\$10,225.04

STATE OF KENTUCKY.—

COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY.—

At Mt. Sterling, in the State of Kentucky, on the 14th day of January, 1905.

W. L. LLOYD,
CHARLES GRUBBS, Directors;
H. F. COCKRELL, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 15th day of January, 1905.

JOHN S. FRASER,
Notary Public.

My Commission expires January 14, 1908.

LAND, STOCK and CROP ITEMS.

O. M. Ratliff, Sharpsburg, sold

45,000 lbs. of tobacco at 11c.

Dan H. McLean sold 20,000 at 10c.

W. R. McKee bought of Robert

Tipton a lot on Mill st. in this

city.

W. T. Phelps bought of Francis

W. Phelps a tract of land on Flat

Creek for \$2,250.

Willis Clark, of Plum, has sold

his tobacco, to McCray, of North

Middletown, at 18c per pound.

Mrs. Clara Bibb sold to James

H. Lee a tract of land in the

Grassy Lick neighborhood, con-

taining about 32 acres, for the sum

of \$2,400.

C. Lebus, of Cynthiana has in a

few days brought 400,000 pounds

of tobacco in Harrison county for

the Growers Association. He will

consign 1,000,000 pounds to secure

the 10,000,000.

Several Kentucky farms for sale,

ranging in area from eighty-five to

three-hundred acres. Prices rea-

sonable. JOHN M. WHEELER,

2721 Winchester, Ky.

IN MORGAN COUNTY.

(Newspaper)

Newton Clinton, of Salem, is very

sick.

A big revival was held at Ezel from

the 8th to the 15th inst., conducted

by Rev. Will Tyler, of Campbell

and Harlan Murphy, of Morgan

County. About 200 were converted,

five of whom were baptized.

Fortune seems to be smiling on

Al Williams, colored, of this place.

Al made two guesses on the total

paid attendance at the World's Fair

contest.

Co. According to the statement

given out, Al has guessed the exact

number. If no one else has the

exact attendance, Al has received

\$30,000.

Uolo Frank Maxey, of Maytown,

aged 70 years fell in the fire and im-

mediately expired Saturday night,

Jan 14 at 12 o'clock. He had been a

sufferer from heart trouble for a

long time and arose from his chair.

His daughter, Miss Lou, pulled him

from the fire.

There seems to be some confu-

sion in Magisterial district No. 3 over

a convention that was held to nomi-

nate a candidate for magistrate.

Bea Blankenship and Kelsee Couch

were the candidates.

Blankenship received a majority, but it is alleged

that in the upper part of the pre-

dictorate Blankenship received more

votes than there were Democrats,

and that Republicans went in the

convention and voted for Mr.

Blankenship. This was strictly a

Democratic fight, and no one but

Democrats should be allowed to

vote. Mr. Blankenship signed a repu-

blican to take part in this conven-

tion it was a mistake. Let's all be

fair and honest with each other.

—

CALL

at Chick's coal yard for best Vir-

ginia, Kentucky and Cannel coal.

Also best clover mixed and Timo-

thy hay and corn. 27-4t.

—

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—

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M. H. FIBOMER,

25 E. Main St., Lexington, Ky.

Telephone 1112.

Don't Batt in.

When you see a fellow-man,
Quietly playing his own game,
Doing the very best he can,
Don't batt in.

All have troubles of their own,
Probably more than you have
known.

Pass on--let them alone.
Don't batt in.

You can't do them any good,
Wouldn't do it if you could,
Condin't do it if you would.

Don't batt in.

Friends fail out every day,
And would make up right away.

If away from them you stay,
Don't batt in.

If your friends go on a lark,
Spend the day at Lakeside Park,
And stay out till after dark,

Don't batt in.

When your friends a fishing go,
And say the fish weighed so and

so,

Is won't be the truth, you know,

Don't batt in.

If the conversation don't suit
you,

Wait until the speaker's through

You may learn something

Don't batt in.

On your journey here below,
Through this world of joy and

woe, you'll be tempted wher'er

you go,

But don't batt in.

ACCIDENT.

On Sunday evening Will Cooper,
a C. O. brakeman, was accidentally

shot by his room mate, Charles

Ware. They were preparing to go

calling. We ask: Why should

men young or old carry concealed

deadly weapons, especially on

Sunday evening?

Ware is the son of ex-Sheriff Tom Ware, of Powell county. Cooper died on Monday morning. Ware has been arrested since the death, having been released on the testimony of witnesses that the shooting was accidental.

This occurred in Lexington.

Short in His Accounts.

A special from Paris, Ky., says that agents of insurance companies, of which T. Porter Smith was local agent, are there going over his books, and that developments so far, indicate that Smith is several thousand dollars behind with the companies he represented. The dispatch says that Smith's method was to report to the companies lesser amount than was shown by the face of the policy held by the insured.

BIG DEAL.

Judge James H. Hazelrigg, of Frankfurt, and his associates have disposed of their oil and gas holding in Estill county to a Lexington firm of Cheneaults—John B. D. and H. W. Cheneault. The amount paid is \$25,000, and the ownership and control of oil lands amount, in round numbers, to 5,000 acres.

Appointment A Surprise.

The appointment of J. L. Bradley to be postmaster at Paris came as a great surprise and is undoubtedly the result of a personal appeal by ex-Gov. Bradley. He was Gov. Bradley's private secretary and stenographer and is now assistant postmaster. Elder Sweeny withdrew from the contest in the interest of Earlywine.

California has a law against the docking of horses' tails. The first arrest under it has just been made, in the person of a veterinary surgeon.

He may be fined \$500 or imprisoned for six months.

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WILMINGTON, TEXAS, Jan. 14, 1905.

Editor of the Advocate.

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Dear Sir—You will find enclosed a money order the amount I am due to the present time, so you will please take my name from your list.

Respectfully yours,

T. A. FALLEY.

We are pleased to retain all our

subscribers, but when they settle

due us discontinue. This is the

first request for discontinuance.

The \$1 paid to January 14, 1905.

We wish to commend his paying

qualities. Several who have been

subscribers to us have in the past

years had the *post master* write to us

to say that their papers "are un-

called" for, "not wanted" or

"moved away."

Wanted.

To buy a farm, good soil and im-

provements, near churches and the

like, will cost not exceeding \$5,000.

Call or address Advocate office

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Established Quarantine Against

Southern Cattle Fever.

The Department of Agriculture has issued regulations establishing

on February 1, a Federal quarantine

against a large part of the South

and parts of other States to prevent

the spread of southern fever among cattle. The quarantine is

declared to be in force until November 1, subject to change. The

regulations allow cattle in the

quarantined areas to be shipped

in unplaced cars, if shipped

for slaughter, and placed in quar-

antined yards on arrival at their

destination.

For Sale.—My farm of 84 acres

1 mile from Steptoe and Corinth,

5-room residence, stock barn, meat

house, milk house, good well, and

all necessary outbuildings. 27 1/2

